

# THE NATIONAL FUSION COLLABORATORY: Grid Computing for Simulation and Experiments

Presented by  
Martin Greenwald  
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<http://www.fusiongrid.org>



# Nature of Fusion Research Drives Requirements for Computing and Networking

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- Experiments
  - Characterized by near real-time interactions of large, geographically extended teams
  - Faster between-pulse analysis translates directly to productivity
  - Barriers to use of powerful analysis tools can be significant
- Theory and Computation
  - Simulations producing very large data sets (GB  $\Rightarrow$  TB  $\Rightarrow$  PB)
  - Interactive visualization and analysis present a severe challenge for computing and networking
  - Increased code sharing and collaborative development

# Collaboratory's Goal is to Advance Scientific Understanding & Innovation in Fusion Research

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- Enable more efficient use of experimental facilities through more powerful between pulse data analysis
- Allowing transparent access to analysis and simulation codes, data, and visualization tools, resulting in more researchers having better access to more resources
- Enable more effective integration of experiment, theory, & modeling
- Facilitate multi-institution collaborations
- Create a standard tool set for data access, security, and visualization allowing researchers to build these into their own applications

# Who is Working on the Collaboratory?

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- **Fusion Labs**

- General Atomics
- MIT – Plasma Science & Fusion Center
- Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory

- **Computer Science Labs**

- Argonne National Laboratory
- Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
- Princeton University
- University of Utah

(Funded by OASCR SciDAC program)

# **We Are Not Focusing on “Traditional” Grid Applications – Cycle Scavenging and Dynamically Configured Server Farms**

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- Traditional Computational Grids – Arrays of heterogeneous servers
- Machines can arrive and leave
- Adaptive discovery – problems find resources
- Workload balancing and cycle scavenging
- Bandwidth diversity – not all machines are well connected
- **This model is not especially suited to fusion computation**
- **We are aiming to move high-performance distributed computing out onto the wide-area network**

# Putting Distributed Computing Applications out on the Wide Area Network Presents Significant Challenges

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- Crosses administrative boundaries
- Increased concerns and complexity for security model – (authentication & authorization)
- Resources not owned by a single project or program
- Distributed control of resources **by owners** is essential
- Needs for end-to-end application performance and problem resolution
  - Resource monitoring, management and troubleshooting are not straightforward
  - Higher latency challenges network throughput, interactivity
- People are not in one place for easy communication

# Vision for the Fusion Collaboratory

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- Data, Codes, and other resources should be thought of as network accessible services.
- Shared security infrastructure – with distributed authorization and resource management
- Collaborative nature of research requires shared visualization applications and widely deployed A/V technologies
- We are not focused on CPU cycle scavenging or “distributed” supercomputing (typical GRID justifications)

**Optimize the most expensive resource - people's time**

## Vision – Resources as Services

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- **Resources = Computers, Codes, Data, Analysis Routines, Visualization tools, Experimental Operations**
- Access is stressed rather than portability
- Users are shielded from implementation details.
- Transparency and ease-of-use are crucial elements
- Shared toolset enables collaboration between sites and across sub-disciplines.
- Knowledge of relevant physics is still required of course.



## Vision – Security Infrastructure

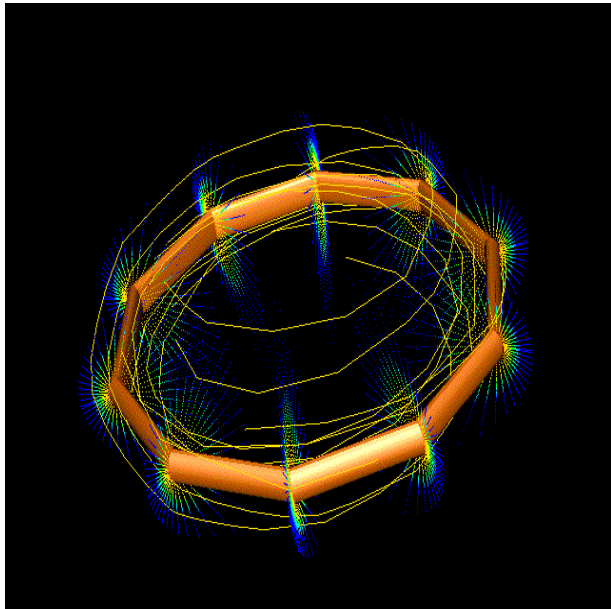
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- Strong authentication identifies users (currently based on x.509 certificates from DOE Science Grid).
- Distributed authorization allows stakeholders to control their own resources.
  - Facility owners can protect computers, data and experiments
  - Code developers can control intellectual property
  - Fair use of shared resources can be demonstrated and controlled.

# Vision – Visualization and A/V Tools

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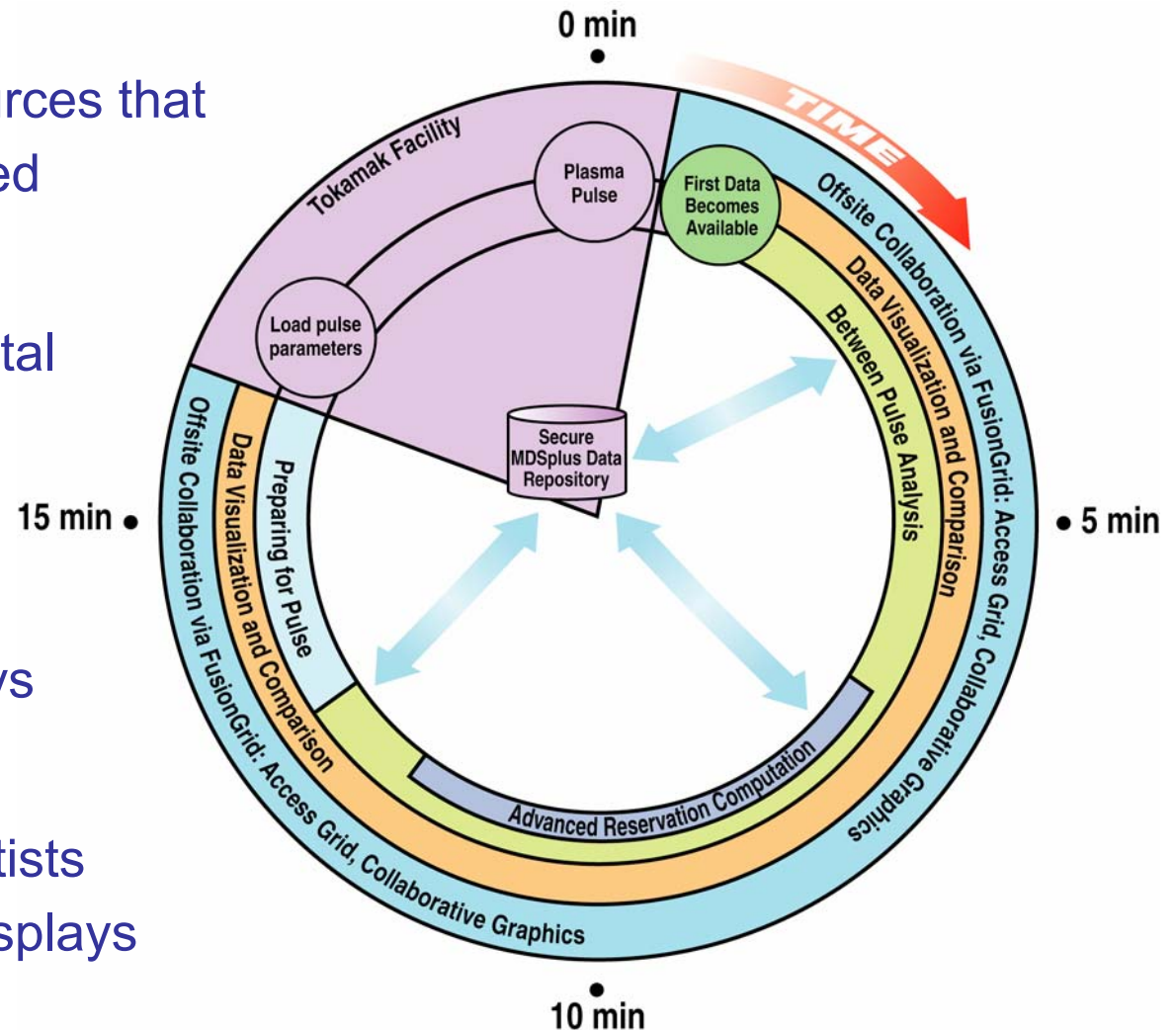
- Maximum interactivity for visualization of very large data sets



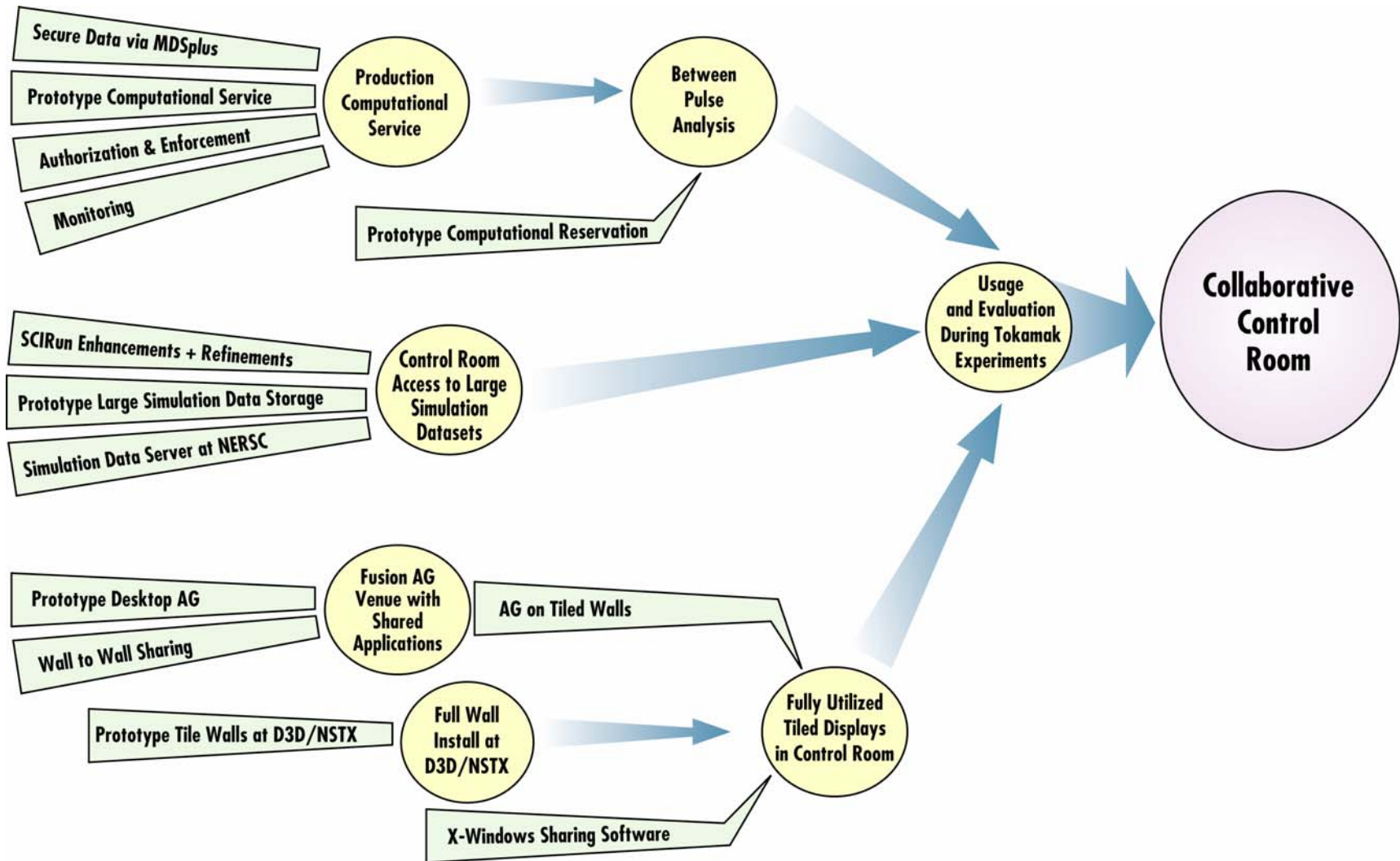
- Use of extended tool sets for remote participation
  - Flexible audio and video links
  - Shared applications

# Collaboration is Fundamental to Advancing Fusion Science

- Secure computational resources that can be scheduled as required
- Rapidly compare experimental data to simulation results
- Share individual results with the group via shared displays
- Fully engaged remote scientists with audio, video, shared displays



# For Experiments: Work Towards a Collaborative Control Room



# Secure Access to Data - MDSplus

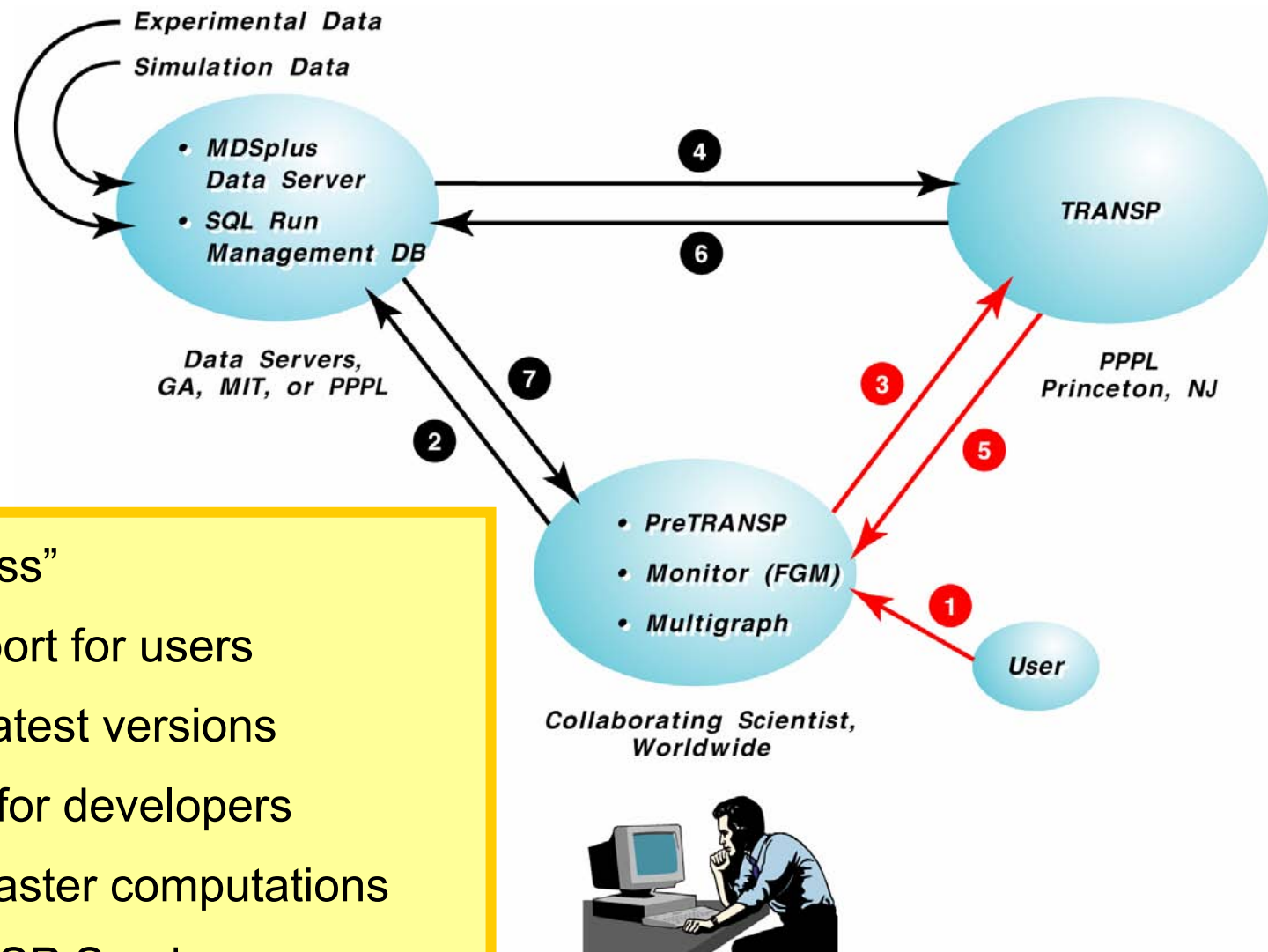
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- MDSplus: remote access based on client-server model
  - Used at more than 30 sites (robust) <http://www.mdsplus.org>
- “Service” rather than file oriented
- Hierarchical, self-descriptive, extensible, scalable, simple but powerful API
- MDSplus secured on FusionGrid via Globus GSI
  - Underlying technologies are X.509 certificates, OpenSSL
- Parallel network transfer via XIO – useful for high-latency links



# TRANSP – First Grid Service Deployed



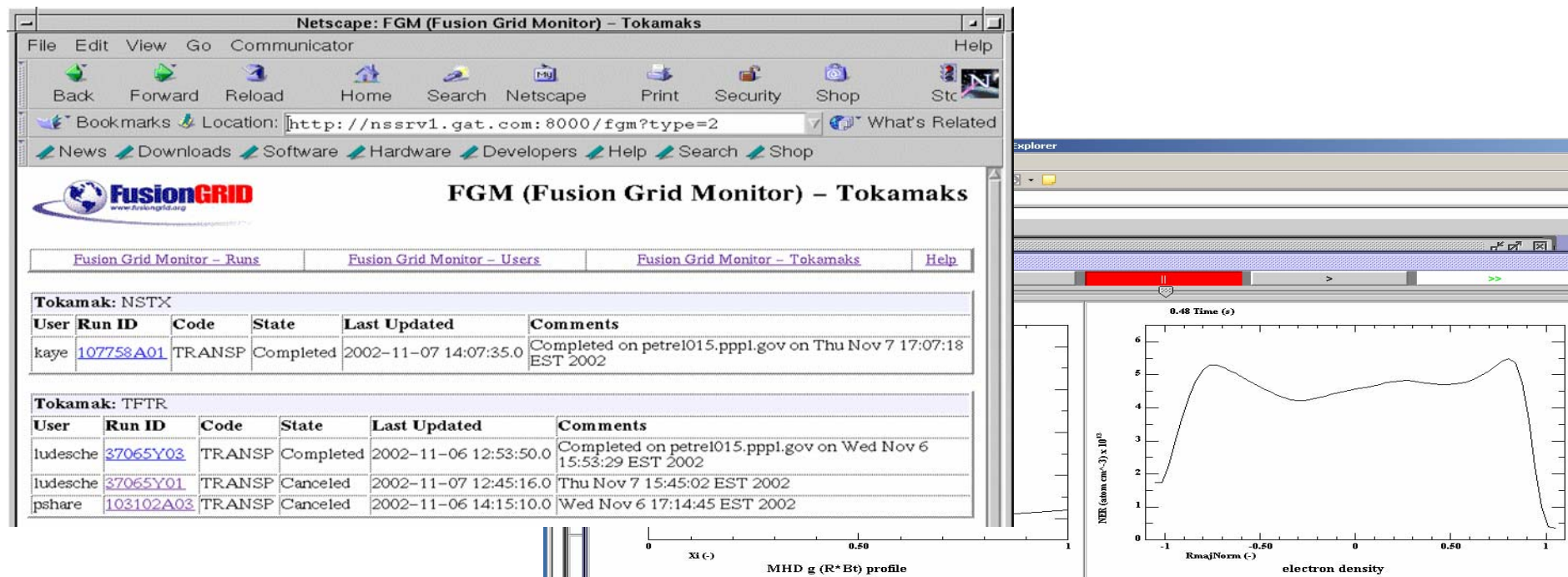
“This is a success”

- Better support for users
- Users get latest versions
- Less effort for developers
- Access to faster computations

**The** U.S. TRANSP Service

- 1,800 runs, 9 tokamaks modelled

# Fusion Grid Monitor: An Efficient Application Monitoring System for the Grid Environment

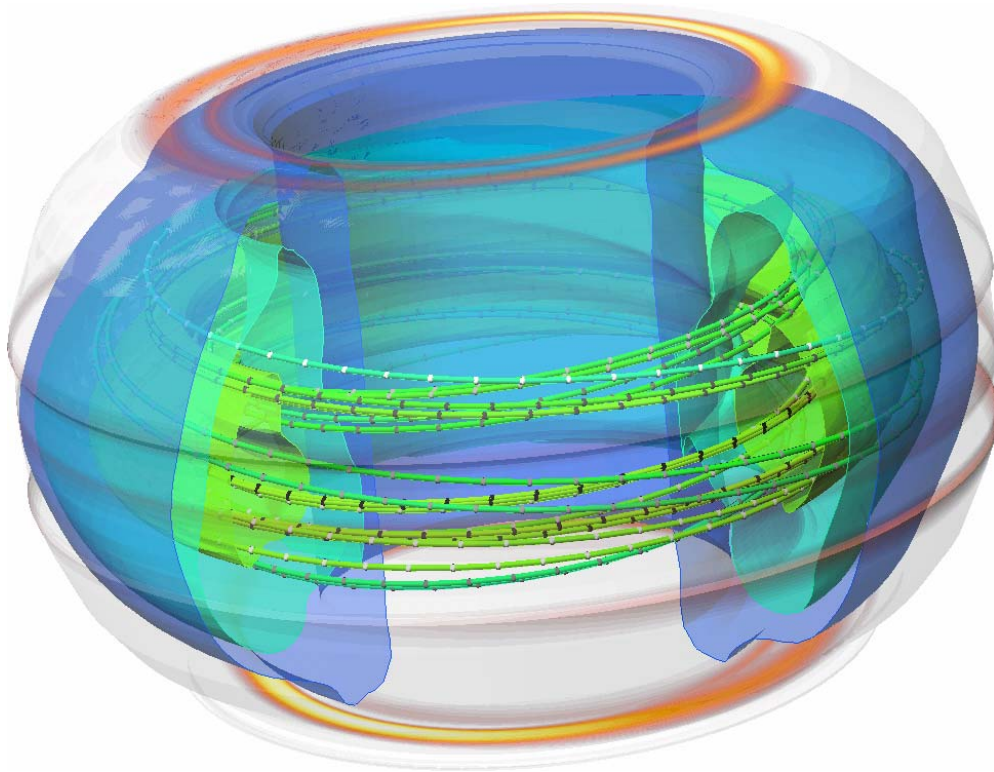


- Users track and monitor the state of applications on FusionGrid
  - Output dynamically via HTML, Built as Java Servlet (JDK2.1)
- Code maintenance notification
  - Users notified, queuing turned off, code rebuilt, queue restarted
- Results of simulation visualized during run

# SCIRUN: Visualize Complex Simulations

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- Open source, multi-platform capable for a wide user base
- To facilitate quantitative comparison of simulations & experimental results



Raising the challenge of very large datasets

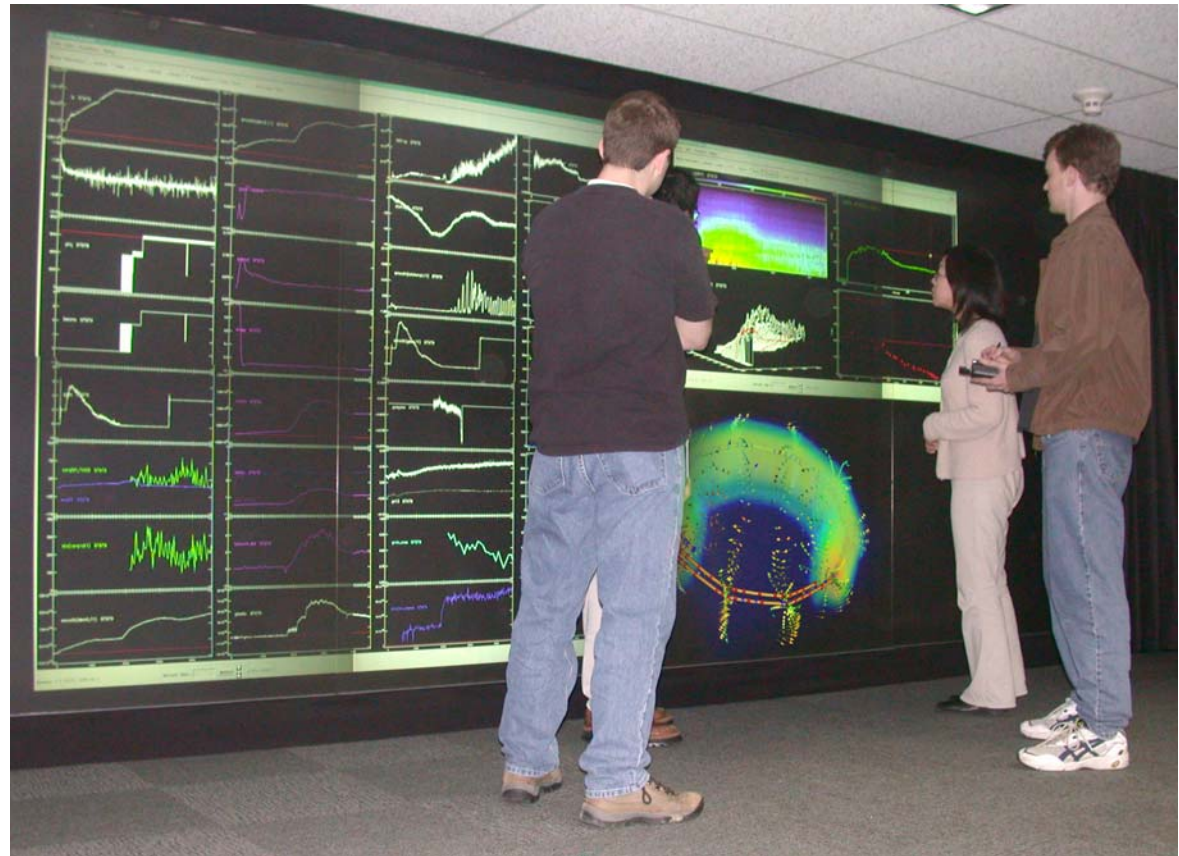
- Interactivity, latency
- MDSplus
- Storage method
- Data location
- Parallel I/O



# Large Scale Displays and Shared Applications For Enhanced Collaborations

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- Control room
  - Shared or remotely controlled displays
- Simulation Data
  - Access to ultra-high resolution images
  - Immersive environments



- Very well received by fusion scientists

Fusion research funds used to purchase tiled walls for control rooms

# Access Grid: High-End A/V tools

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- Tested with off-site scientist to control room
  - Includes application sharing
  - Detailed data analysis discussion
- Feedback indicated the need for a greater control room presence for off-site scientists
- Should be useful for collaborations on computations

Personal Interface to the Grid (PIG) motivated by Fusion research

# Summary

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- Collaborative technology critical to the success of the FES program
  - Experimental: Fewer, larger machines in future (ITER)
  - Computation: Moving toward integrated simulation (FSP)
- The National Fusion Collaboratory Project is implementing and testing new collaborative technologies for fusion research
  - FusionGrid services being used daily to benefit FES research
- Clear vision forward to the collaborative control room
  - Concept encompasses most if not all collaborative FES needs